

Question 1.

- a) If $x = 0.3721487765$ and $y = 0.3720214366$, what is the relative error in the computation of $x + y$ in a computer that has five decimal digits of accuracy? Did you round-off or chop-off?
- b) The value of e^x can be evaluated using

$$e^x = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + \dots$$

Evaluate e^x using the expression above to the 6th term. Find the absolute and relative error by comparing with the value of $e = 2.71828183$.

Question 2.

When two spheres in contact, such as ball bearings, transmit a load P , the normal stresses developed at a point along the z axis are given by

$$\frac{\sigma_x}{p_{\max}} = \frac{\sigma_y}{p_{\max}} = - \left[1 - \left(\frac{z}{a} \right) \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{\left(\frac{z}{a} \right)} \right] (1 + \mu) + \frac{1}{2 \left(1 + \left(\frac{z}{a} \right)^2 \right)}$$

where σ_x and σ_y are the normal stresses in the x and y directions, respectively, $p_{\max}$ is the maximum pressure at the contact point, and a is the radius of the deformed flat circular surface around the contact point.

- a) Find the value of $\left(\frac{z}{a} \right)$ at which $\left(\frac{\sigma_x}{p_{\max}} \right)$ attains a value of -0.5. Assume the value of Poisson's ratio (μ) as 0.3. Perform only 3 iterations.
- b) State the reason for your method of choice in a) compared with other methods. What is your relative error after your three iterations?

Question 3.

A steel cylinder, of weight $W=500$ and diameter 1, is placed in a steel V-block. When a moment M is applied about the axis of the cylinder, the cylinder starts to rotate. The force equilibrium equations along the x and y directions and the moment equilibrium equation about the axis of the cylinder are given by

$$(R_1 + \mu R_1 - R_2 + \mu R_2) \sin 45^\circ = 0$$

$$(R_1 - \mu R_1 + R_2 + \mu R_2) \cos 45^\circ = W$$

and

$$6(\mu R_1 + \mu R_2) - M = 0$$

Assuming the coefficient of friction $\mu = 0.25$,

- a) considering you have limited time in this test, decide which method might give a solution quickly. Perform your chosen method to find the moment (M) and the reactions at the points of contact (R_1 and R_2). Mention and use a sensible stopping point to your solution.
- b) How would you solve part a) in Matlab/Octave?